BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Board of Directors Windshire Park Metropolitan District No. 1 Windsor, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Windshire Park Metropolitan District No. 1, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund the Windshire Park Metropolitan District No. 1, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion is not affected by this missing information.

John luther & Associates, LLC

August 3, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019	
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 396,975	\$ 376,116	
Accounts Receivable	2,469	14,783	
Capital Assets, not depreciated	27,500	27,500	
Capital Assets, depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	7,931,753	8,323,654	
TOTAL ASSETS	8,358,697	8,742,053	
LIABILITIES			
Accrued Interest	518,934	278,347	
Unearned Revenue	-	31,113	
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Due within One Year	4,333,299	4,333,299	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,852,233	4,642,759	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(4,305,799)	(4,305,799)	
Restricted	29,000	28,000	
Unrestricted	7,783,263	8,377,093	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,506,464	\$ 4,099,294	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Revenues		Ν	Net (Expense) Changes in 1		
			(Charges		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS]	Expenses	ses for Services		2020		2019	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	873,494	\$	532,963	\$	(340,531)	\$	(346,681)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		684,422		_		(684,422)		(254,785)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,557,916	\$	532,963		(1,024,953)		(601,466)
	GENERAL REVENUES							
	Taxes				2		2	
	S	ervice Fees from	m Distr	ict No. 2		409,881		314,004
	Iı	nterest and Oth	er Inco	me		22,240		124,780
	SPECIAL ITEMS							
	Payment to District No. 2							(312,392)
	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES					432,123		126,394
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION					(592,830)		(475,072)
	NET POSITION, Beginning				4,099,294		4,574,366	
	NET POSITION, Ending			\$	3,506,464	\$	4,099,294	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2020

	GENERAL			L FUND		
		2020		2019		
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	396,975	\$	376,116		
Accounts Receivable		2,469		14,783		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	399,444	\$	390,899		
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY						
LIABILITIES						
Unearned Revenue	\$	-	\$	31,113		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		_		31,113		
FUND EQUITY						
Fund Balance						
Restricted for Emergencies		29,000		28,000		
Unassigned		370,444		331,786		
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		399,444		359,786		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,						
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		7,959,253		8,351,154		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are						
not reported in the funds. These include notes payable to Windshire		(1 0 F 6				
Group Development, LLC (\$4,333,299) and accrued interest (\$518,934).		(4,852,233)		(4,611,646)		
Net Position of governmental activities	\$	3,506,464	\$	4,099,294		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2020

	GENERA	AL FUND
	2020	2019
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 2	\$ 2
Service Fees from District No. 2	409,881	314,004
Charges for Services	532,963	474,530
Interest and Other Income	22,240	124,780
TOTAL REVENUES	965,086	913,316
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General Government	481,593	429,309
Capital Outlay	-	3,202,006
Debt Service		
Principal	-	-
Interest	443,835	100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	925,428	3,731,315
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		
(UNDER) EXPENSES	39,658	(2,817,999)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Proceeds from Developer Advances	-	3,174,506
Transfer to District 2		(312,392)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		2,862,114
NET CHANGE IN FUND		
BALANCE	39,658	44,115
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	359,786	315,671
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 399,444	\$ 359,786

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 39,658
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the depreciation expense for the year.	(391,901)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This amount is the increase in in accrued interest in the current year.	 (240,587)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (592,830)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Windshire Park Metropolitan District No. 1 was formed to provide public services and improvements for the District and surrounding area within its boundaries. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the constituents.

The accounting policies of the Windshire Park Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the Windshire Park Metropolitan District No. 1 has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of these criteria, the District does not include additional organizations in its reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Service fees, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Cash and Investments

Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are recorded at fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and infrastructure are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property and infrastructure of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of 26 years.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities fund type statement of net position.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets includes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position includes assets that have third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations on their use. The District typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project.

Unrestricted Net Position typically includes unrestricted liquid assets. The Board has the authority to revisit or alter this designation.

Net Position/Fund Balance Classification

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is restricted when constraints placed on the net position are externally imposed.

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies.
- Committed This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

The District did not report any committed resources as of December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Net Position/Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

 <u>Unassigned</u> – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on December 15 and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer's office collects property taxes and remits to the District on a monthly basis.

In addition, property taxes are assessed and submitted to Windshire Park Metropolitan District No. 2 and forwarded to the District as a payment for administrative and other services. These payments are labeled as charges for services in the financial statements.

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented since its inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- On or before October 15th, District Management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- District Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.
- Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the District on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Directors. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE 3: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

A summary of deposits and investments as of December 31, 2020 follows:

Deposits Investments	\$	91,257 <u>305,718</u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>396,975</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 3: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At December 31, 2020, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the District are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group.

The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The District has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At December 31, 2020, the District had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$91,257. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$104,311. All of these balances were covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which includes:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 3: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The above investments are authorized for all funds and fund types used by Colorado municipalities.

Local Government Investment Pools

The District had invested \$305,718 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. ColoTrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

ColoTrust is not a 2a7-like external investment pool. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables.

NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, is summarized below:

		Balances <u>12/31/2019</u>		Additions		Deletions	-	Balances 2/31/2020
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, not depreciated Water Rights	\$	27,500	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	27,500
Capital Assets, depreciated Infrastructure		10,189,417				<u> </u>		10,189,417
Less Accumulated Depreciation Infrastructure		1,865,763		391,901		<u> </u>		2,257,664
Capital Assets, depreciated, Net		8,323,654		(391,901)				7,931,753
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	8,351,154	<u>\$</u>	(391,901)	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	7,959,253

Depreciation expense was charged to the General Government activity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 5: <u>LONG-TERM DEBT</u>

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2020.

	Balance <u>12/31/2019</u>	Additions	Payments	Balance <u>12/31/2020</u>	Due In <u>One Year</u>
Note Payable – Developers	<u>\$ 4,333,299</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 4,333,299</u>	<u>\$ 4,333,299</u>

Loan Payable - Developers

On April 15, 2015, the District entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement with Windshire Group Development, Inc. (the "Developer") in order to finance improvements within the District boundaries and service area. The District issued the first promissory note pursuant to this Agreement and infrastructure acquisition agreement policies and procedures in April of 2009. The note was a "fill-up promissory note" under which the Developer agreed to loan the District up to \$7,400,000 initially for capital costs related to public infrastructure. Pursuant to this Agreement, the District accepted certain certified public improvement costs in phases corresponding to costs advances for public improvements the Developer advanced, constructed, acquired, installed, financed or caused to be constructed on behalf of and for the benefit of the District and its constituents. The promissory note calls for interest at 2% plus the Federal Reserve Bank prime.

The original promissory note matured on December 31, 2009 and will be renewed on an annual basis to the extent the District cannot repay the outstanding balance in full on December 31 of any calendar year. When the promissory notes and loans to the District were renewed for 2019, the interest rate at December 31, 2020 was 2.0% plus prime. These notes mature on December 31, 2020.

NOTE 6: <u>RELATED PARTIES</u>

Two of the members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or members of the Developer. The District, pursuant to the outstanding "District" promissory notes for public improvement advances made by the Developer or its affiliates, owes \$4,333,299 in principal and \$518,934 in accrued interest for public improvements costs certified as constructed and dedicated by the Developer as of December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 7: <u>*RISK MANAGEMENT*</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Insurance Pool. The Pool insures property and liability exposures through contributions made by member districts. The District does not maintain an equity interest in the self-insurance pool. The District funds its pool contributions, outside insurance purchases, deductibles, and uninsured losses through the General Fund.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial or District coverages in any of the past three years.

NOTE 8: <u>DEBT AUTHORIZATION</u>

On November 5, 2005, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of general obligation indebtedness as follows:

• An amount not to exceed \$7,400,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 11% per annum, for providing public improvements; and

The District's Service Plan includes a debt authorization limit of \$7,400,000.

As of December 31, 2020, the amount of debt authorized but unissued was \$7,400,000. The District intends to issue over time a part or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 9: <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

TABOR Amendment - Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment.

The District has established an emergency reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding debt service), as required by the Amendment. At December 31, 2020, the emergency reserve of \$29,000 was recorded in the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

NOTE 10: <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Potential subsequent events were considered through August 3, 2021. It was determined that no events are required to be disclosed through this date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2020

		2020					
	ORIGINAL AND FINAI	,	VARIANCE Positive	2019			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(Negative)	ACTUAL			
REVENUES		noreill	(i tegative)				
Taxes	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 2			
O&M Fees	403,248	409,881	6,633	314,004			
Charges for Services	537,585	532,963	(4,622)	474,530			
Interest and Other Income	27,500	22,240	(5,260)	124,780			
TOTAL REVENUES	968,335	965,086	(3,249)	913,316			
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government							
Accounting and Administration	25,400	23,900	1,500	22,000			
District Management	34,800	34,800	-	31,200			
Insurance	15,416	13,474	1,942	14,842			
Legal Expenses	5,999	7,812	(1,813)	6,026			
Office, Dues and Other	44,254	44,230	24	28,088			
Repairs and Maintenance	173,630	232,600	(58,970)	232,273			
Pool Operations	107,450	124,777	(17,327)	94,880			
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	3,202,006			
Contingency	29,051	-	29,051	-			
Debt Service							
Principal	-	-	-	-			
Interest	447,935	443,835	4,100	100,000			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	883,935	925,428	(41,493)	3,731,315			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	84,400	39,658	(44,742)	(2,817,999)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from Developer Advances	-	-	-	3,174,506			
Transfer to District 2	(84,400))	84,400	(312,392)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(84,400))	84,400	2,862,114			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	39,658	39,658	44,115			
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		359,786	359,786	315,671			
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ -	\$ 399,444	\$ 399,444	\$ 359,786			